# NETWORK OF POSTAL ESTABLISHMENTS CTT - CORREIOS DE PORTUGAL, S.A., AS AT THE END OF THE FIRST HALF OF 2009

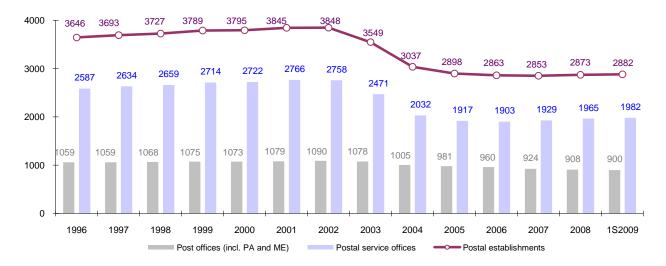
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The following information refers to the postal establishments of the universal postal service concessionaire (CTT - Correios de Portugal, S.A., hereinafter CTT) as well as to the postal establishments of private and other entities providing postal services which have been conceded to CTT.

#### 1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- At the end of the first half of 2009 there were 2882 postal establishments in operation (9 more than at the end of 2008); of these, 888 were permanent post offices (8 fewer than at the end of 2008), 12 were mobile post offices and 1982 were postal service offices<sup>1</sup> (17 more than at the end of 2008).
- 2. In 11 of these permanent post offices (13 at the end of 2008) the customer service operations are contracted out in accordance with Base XXII, paragraph 1 of the Universal Postal Service Concession.
- 3. In the first half of 2009, a slight increase was seen in the total number of postal establishments (see graph below), maintaining the upward trend observable since the second half of 2008. This increase reflects the increase in postal service offices, which more than offset the reduction in the number of post offices, whose numbers continued to decline.

### Evolution in the number of postal establishments (PE)



Source: CTT Data.

NOTE: Values at the end of each period.

<sup>1</sup> Postal service offices are establishments operated by third parties, in accordance with a contract, with all such establishments providing the postal services included in the universal service (Source: CTT).

- 4. At the end of the first half of 2009, there was at least one post office located in each municipality.
- 5. Considering the entire network of postal establishments (that is including the network of post offices and postal service offices), at the end of the 1st half of 2009:
  - a) In 94.8% of Municipalities (292 Municipalities) there were two or more postal establishments (at the end of 2008, there were 291 Municipalities reported as having two or more postal establishments);
  - b) There was at least one postal establishment in 52.8% of parishes (2239 Parishes, 4 more than at the end of 2008)<sup>2</sup>. It is further reported that: there was at least one postal establishment located in 28% of parishes with less than 1000 inhabitants; and there was at least one postal establishment located in 78% of parishes with more than 1000 inhabitants.
- 6. According to CTT, as at the end of the first half of 2009, all post offices provided the full range of concession services while 45.6% of postal service offices did not offer parcel services (904 in absolute terms, compared to 898 at the end of 2008), although providing the remaining services of the concession.
- 7. Based on available data (source UPU) on the network of permanent postal establishments belonging to the providers of universal service in the Member States of the European Union (EU), with reference to 2007, it can be concluded that the situation in Portugal compares favourably with the average of the EU (excluding Portugal), both in terms of postal coverage (average area, in km², per fixed postal establishment) and in terms of postal density (average number of inhabitants per fixed postal establishment).
- 8. 31% of the postal establishment network consists of post offices managed by CTT. 69% of establishments are managed by third parties (1982 postal service offices and 11 contracted out post offices). This value is lower, according to UPU data from 2007, than that reported in Sweden (82%), Denmark (83%), Finland (83%), Ireland (94%), Cyprus (95%) and United Kingdom (97%).

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Taking into account the total of 4241 parishes reported in the 2001 Census.

#### 2. FRAMEWORK

In accordance with paragraph 3 of Base XX of the Bases for the Universal Postal Service Concession (Concession)<sup>3</sup>, the following are incumbent upon CTT:

- a) the establishment and closure of postal establishments;
- b) the alteration of the working hours of postal establishments, taking into account service needs and levels of demand.

CTT is bound to notify ICP-ANACOM of decisions which it takes in respect of the above, and shall, in respect of the closure of postal establishments or the reduction of the working hours of postal establishments, provide grounds for such decisions, especially in terms of service needs, levels of demand and satisfaction of the communication needs of the population and of economic activities (paragraph 4 of Base XX, in the amendment enacted by Decree-Law No 112/2006 of 9 June).

#### 3. EVOLUTION OF NETWORK OF POSTAL ESTABLISHMENTS

- 1. At the end of the 1st half of 2009, 2882 postal establishments were in operation (see **Graph 1**), comprising:
  - a) 888 permanent post offices (including 18 postal agencies<sup>4</sup>);
  - b) 12 mobile post office<sup>5</sup>;
  - c) 1982 postal service offices<sup>6</sup>.
- 2. Compared to the end of 2008, an increase of 9 postal establishments is reported, resulting from the reduction of 8 in the number of post offices and an increase of 17 in the number of postal service offices. This results, during the first half of 2009, from: a) the closure of 8 post offices (all these post offices were replaced by postal service offices); b) the opening of 29 postal service offices (of which 8 were opened to replace the closed post offices referred to above); c) the closure of 12 postal service offices.

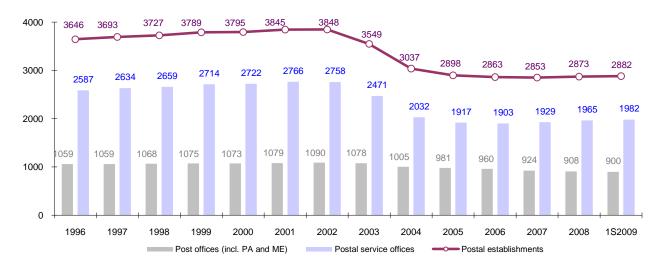
Approved by Decree-Law No 448/99 of 4 November (<a href="http://www.anacom.pt/template20.jsp?categoryld=2011&contentId=185353">http://www.anacom.pt/template20.jsp?categoryld=2011&contentId=185353</a>), with changes in Decree-Law No 116/2003 of 12 June (<a href="http://www.anacom.pt/template20.jsp?categoryld=2011&contentId=107940">http://www.anacom.pt/template20.jsp?categoryld=2011&contentId=107940</a>) and Decree-Law No 112/2006 of 9 June (<a href="http://www.anacom.pt/streaming/DLei112">http://www.anacom.pt/streaming/DLei112</a> 2006%20.pdf?categoryld=148366&contentId=370158&field=ATTACHED\_FILE).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Postal agencies are postal establishments which are the same as post offices in physical terms and in terms of the level of postal services provided to users and customers, being different from post offices only in terms of the internal organisation of CTT, given that these are establishments which depend, in terms of hierarchical structure, on offices (Source: CTT)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Mobile post offices are postal establishments installed in automobile vehicles which follow previously defined routes and which stop in specific areas not served by permanent offices. The services provided are the same as those provided by fixed postal offices (Source: CTT).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Postal service offices are establishments operated by third parties, in accordance with a contract, with all such establishments providing the postal services included in the universal service (Source: CTT).

3. It is reported that in the first half of 2009, there was a slight increase in the total number of postal establishments (see **Graph 1**), continuing the upward trend observed since the second half of 2008. This increase reflects the increase in postal service offices, which more than offset the reduction in the number of post offices, whose numbers continued to decline.



Graph 1 - Evolution in number of postal establishments (EP)

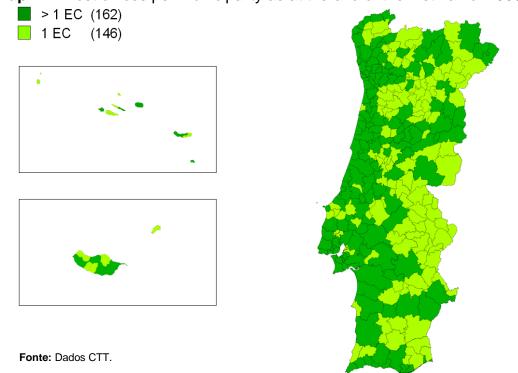
Source: CTT Data.

NOTE: Values at the end of each period.

- 4. At the end of the 1st half of 2009, it can be seen that in 11 of these permanent post offices CTT have contracted out the customers service operations, under the terms of Base XXII, paragraph 1 of the Concession. These post offices are generally designated as partnership shops<sup>7</sup>. It is reported that, since the end of 2008, at two post offices, Campo Maior and Monforte, the customer service operations are no longer contracted out to third parties.
- 5. With respect to post office, at the end of the first half of 2009:
  - a) there was at least one post office located in each municipality (see **Graph 2**);
  - b) there were two or more post offices located in 162 Municipalities (53% of all Municipalities), which is 2 fewer Municipalities than at the end of 2008.

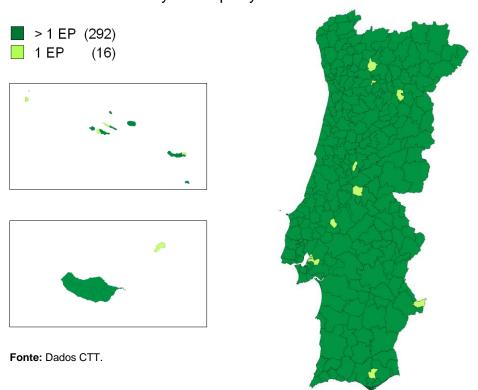
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Partnership shops are postal establishments with contracts made between CTT and another entity for the contracting out of the customer service operations in post offices. The postal services which make up the universal service are provided in the name of and behalf of CTT (Source: CTT).

Graph 2 - Post offices per Municipality as at the end of the first half of 2009



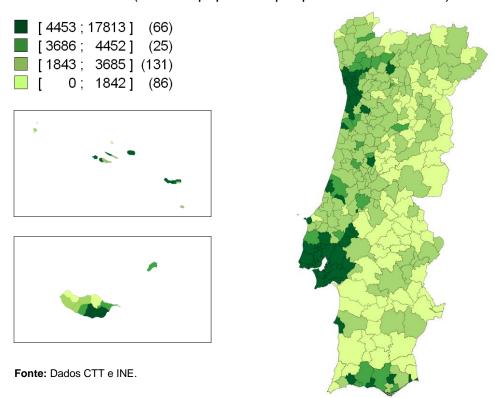
- 6. Considering the entire network of postal establishments (that is including the network of post offices and postal service offices) as at the end of the first half of 2009:
  - a) 94.8% of Municipalities (292 Municipalities) had two or more postal establishments,1 more municipality compared to the end of 2008 (Graph 3).

Graph 3 - Postal establishments by Municipality as at the end of the first half of 2009



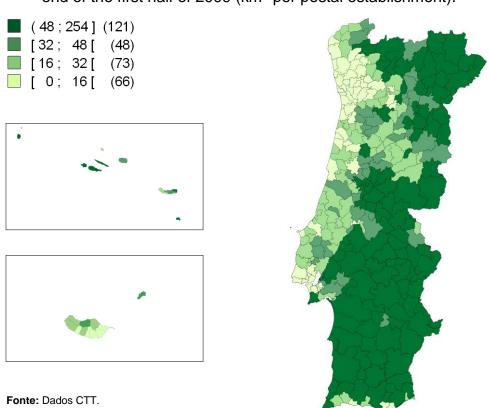
b) Each postal establishment serves an average of 3687 inhabitants. In general terms the density index was higher in coastal regions, in line with the population density of the territory (See **Graph 4**);

**Graph 4** - Density of postal establishments, by Municipality as at the end of the first half of 2009 (resident population per postal establishment)



- c) On average, one postal establishment can be found per 32 km<sup>2</sup>. In general terms, the regions of the interior and Sul do Tejo, as well as on some of the islands of the Autonomous Region of the Azores, are reported as having a higher postal coverage rate (km<sup>2</sup> per postal establishment) See **Graph 5**;
- d) 52.8% of Parishes are reported as having at least one postal establishment, corresponding to 2239 Parishes (4 more Parishes than at the end of 2008), taking into account a total of 4,241 Parishes (2001 Census). It is also reported that 28% Parishes which have less than 1000 inhabitants have at least one postal establishment (614 parishes, 4 more than at the end 2008). Moreover, 78% Parishes with 1000 inhabitants or more have at least one postal establishment (1625 Parishes, unchanged from the end of 2008).

**Graph 5** - Coverage of postal establishments, by Municipality, at the end of the first half of 2009 (km<sup>2</sup> per postal establishment).



7. According to CTT, at the end of the first half of 2009, all post offices were providing the full range of concession services and 45.6% of postal service offices, i.e. 904 in absolute terms (898 at the end of year 2008) were not providing the postal parcels service, while providing the remaining services of the concession.

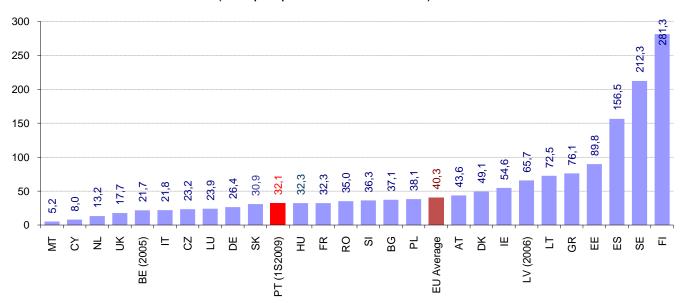
#### 4. INTERNATIONAL COMPARISON

8. Based on available data (source UPU<sup>8</sup>) on the network of postal establishments belonging to the providers of universal service in Member States (MS) of the European Union (EU), with reference to 2007, it can be concluded that Portugal compares favourably with the EU average (excluding Portugal) both in terms of coverage (see **Graph 6**) and in terms of density index (see **Graph 7**).

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Universal Postal Union: <u>www.upu.int</u>.

**Graph 6** - Coverage of permanent postal establishments in EU Member States in 2007\* (km² per postal establishment)



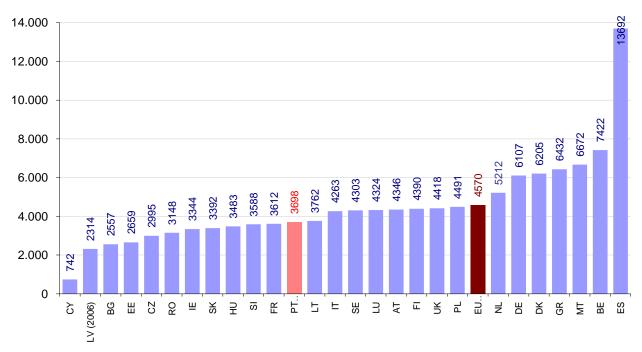
Source: UPU (2007), except for data from Belgium, which refers to 2005, and Latvia, which refers to 2006.

\*Portugal (1H2009): Number of permanent postal establishments - CTT; Area of Portugal - INE (Statistics

Portugal) (92,090.1 km<sup>2</sup>).

**Notes:** Consideration is not made, for example, of mobile post offices and postmen who also provide the services offered in permanent postal establishments.

**Graph 7** - Density of postal establishments in the Member States of the EU in 2007\* (population per postal establishment)



Source: UPU (2007), except for data from Belgium, which refers to 2005, and Latvia, which refers to 2006.

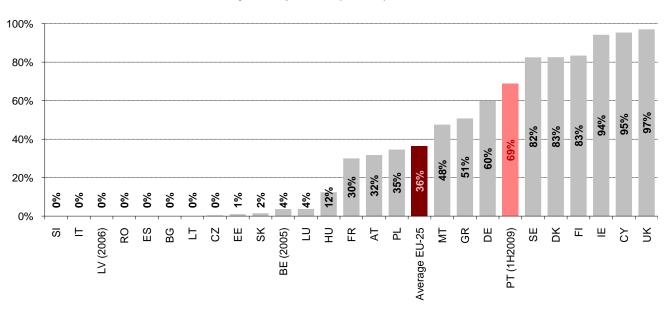
Portugal (1H2009): Number of permanent postal establishments - CTT; Inhabitants in 2007 - INE (Statistics Portugal)

(10,617,575 inhabitants).

**Notes:** Consideration is not made, for example, of mobile post offices and postmen who also provide the services offered in permanent postal establishments.

- The differences between EU Member States may result from the specific geographic characteristics of each country and are also partly due to the fact that in some countries postmen provide mail services which are similar to those provided in postal establishments.
- 10. 31% of the postal establishment network consists of post offices managed by CTT. 69% are managed by third parties (1982 postal service offices and 11 contracted out post offices). This value is lower, according to UPU data from 2007, than that reported in Sweden (82%), Denmark (83%), Finland (83%), Ireland (94%), Cyprus (95%) and United Kingdom (97%) See Graph 8.
- 11. Compared to the analysis conducted based on UPU data from 2006, the relative importance of permanent postal establishments operated by third parties in terms of the EU average increased from 34% to 36%, while the relative importance of permanent postal establishments operated by third parties in Portugal increased (from 68% to 69%, based on CTT data from the first half of 2009).

**Graph 8** - The relative importance of permanent postal establishments operated by third parties (2007\*)



Source: UPU (2007), except for data from Belgium, which refers to 2005, and Latvia, which refers to 2006.

Notes: \* Data for Portugal: CTT.

UPU definition of postal establishments managed by third parties: Postal establishments managed by persons other than the universal service provider (USP), based on a contract made between the parties.

The UPU does not provide data for the Netherlands. According to data published in the study by WIK-Consult *Main Developments in the European Postal Sector*<sup>9</sup>, July 2004 (page 46/58 and 47/58 of *Appendix C - Sector Development*), 86% of postal establishments in Holland were managed by third parties in 2003.

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http://ec.europa.eu/internal\_market/post/doc/studies/2004-wik-final-appendices\_en.pdf.

# 5. NOTIFICATIONS MADE TO ICP-ANACOM PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH 4 OF BASE XX OF THE CONCESSION

- 12. During the first half of 2009, ICP-ANACOM received 19 notifications from CTT pursuant to paragraph 4 of Base XX of the Concession, in the amendment enacted by Decree- Law No 112/2006 of 9 July, categorised as follows:
  - 4 notifications in respect of the closure of post offices and their replacement by postal service offices;
  - 11 notifications in respect of reductions in post office working hours;
  - 4 notifications in respect of other alterations to post office working hours which do not imply a reduction in the daily timetable.

## 6. GLOSSARY

DE Germany ΑT Austria Belgium BE Bulgaria BG Cyprus CY Denmark DK Slovakia SK Slovenia SI Spain ES ΕE Estonia Finland FΙ France FR Greece GR The Netherlands NL Hungary HU Ireland ΙE Italy ΙT Latvia LV Lithuania LT LU Luxembourg Malta ΜT PLPoland PT Portugal United Kingdom UK Czech Republic CZ Romania RO Sweden SV Post office РО Postal service offices PSO PΕ Postal Establishment Partnership shop PS