

Trends in telecommunications prices

Executive summary

- In April 2020, telecommunications prices, as measured by the sub-index of the Consumer Price Index (CPI), remained unchanged from the previous month.
- The year-on-year price decreased 4.34%. This fall in prices mainly reflects the entry into force on 15 May 2019 of new European rules that regulate intra-EU communications. The year-on-year trend in telecommunications prices has been lower than the growth in the CPI since November 2017.
- Telecommunications prices have decreased 4.09% on average in the last twelve months, which is 4.26 percentage points (p.p.) lower than the CPI (0.17%), the largest decrease since January 2009.
- In April 2020, the average decrease in telecommunications prices in Portugal was lower than that in the EU (-4.3 p.p.). The average rate of change of telecommunications prices in Portugal in the last 12 months was the 26th highest among the EU countries. The country with the highest price rise was Romania (+4.6%), while Italy experienced the biggest decrease (-5.5%). On average, telecommunications prices rose by 0.2% in the EU.
- Between the end of 2009 and April 2020, telecommunications prices in Portugal increased 7.7%, while in the European Union they fell 10.4%. The difference narrowed upon the entry into force of the new European rules on 15 May 2019 that regulate the prices of intra-EU communications.



1. Trends in telecommunications prices in April 2020

According to Statistics Portugal, in April 2020 telecommunications prices did not change compared to the previous month.

In year-on-year terms, telecommunications prices decreased 4.34%. The trend in telecommunications prices was the 36th highest (8th from last) of the 43 subgroups of goods and services considered (Table 1). This fall in prices mainly reflects the entry into force of new European rules on 15 May 2019 that regulate intra-EU communications (see inset).

Table 1 - Trends in Consumer Price Index (CPI) and telecommunications prices

	April 2020			2019
	Year-on-year trend	Average trend in last 12 months	Previous month's trend	Average trend in last 12 months
CPI (%)	-0.22	0.17	0.32	0.34
Telecommunications (%)	-4.34	-4.09	0.00	-2.69
Relative position (in descending order among the 43 subgroups of goods and services)	36	39	20	37

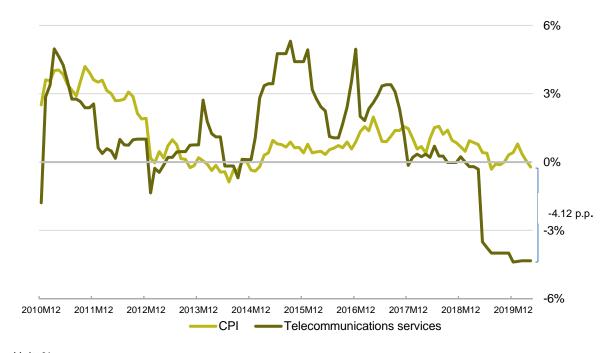
Unit: %

Source: Statistics Portugal

Between August 2013 and October 2017, year-on-year growth in telecommunications prices was almost always higher than the growth in the CPI. This trend was reversed in November 2017, however. In April 2020, the decrease in telecommunications prices was 4.12 p.p. below the CPI. (Figure 1) for the above-mentioned reason.



Figure 1 - Year-on-year trend in CPI and telecommunications prices



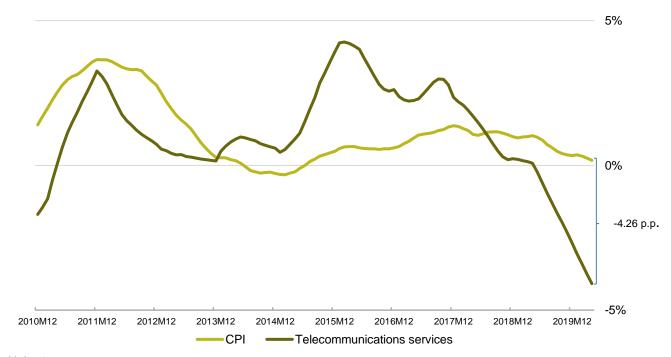
Source: Statistics Portugal

The average rate of change of telecommunications prices in the last 12 months (-4.09%) was in 39th place among the 43 subgroups of goods and services considered. This was higher than the trend in prices of the "footwear" and "audiovisual, photographic and data processing equipment" categories, but lower than the trend in prices of "electricity, gas and other fuels" and "water supply" categories.

In April 2020, the average rate of change of telecommunications prices was 4.26 p.p. lower than the CPI in the last 12 months, which was the largest negative deviation since January 2009. In the 113 months from December 2010, telecommunications prices increased at lower rates than the CPI in 59 months (Figure 2).



Figure 2 – Average rate of change in CPI and telecommunications prices in last 12 months

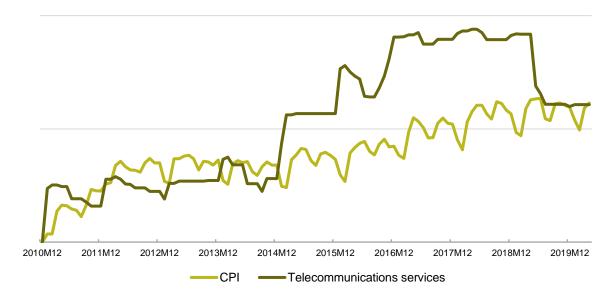


Source: Statistics Portugal

Telecommunications prices have increased by 9.7 p.p. and the CPI has risen by 9.8 p.p. in accumulated terms from the end of 2010. The divergence between the two indexes began in 2015 and grew wider in 2016, when it was associated with "price adjustments" made by the main providers (Figure 3). The growth in the divergence between the two indexes as of May 2019 was due to the entry into force of Regulation (EU) 2018/1971 of the European Parliament and Council which imposed a maximum charge on international intra-EU calls and text messages (see inset).



Figure 3 – Trend in CPI and telecommunications prices in Portugal (2010M12 = Base 100)



Unit: index (2010M12 = Base 100)
Source: ANACOM, based on Statistics Portugal data

Reduction in prices of intra-EU calls

New European rules capping retail prices billed to consumers for regulated¹ intra-EU calls came into force on 15 May 2019. These new rules apply to international communications (landline and mobile calls and text messages) from one Member State to another Member State that are billed totally or partially on the basis of actual consumption.

The price of calls made by consumers from their own country to another EU landline or mobile number has now been capped at EUR 0.19 per minute (+ VAT) as paid by the consumer making the call. SMS (text messages) sent by consumers from their own country to a landline or mobile number in another EU country now cost a maximum of EUR 0.06 per message (+ VAT) as paid by the consumer sending the SMS.

Telecommunications prices fell by 3.2% in May 2019.

¹ Pursuant to Article 5 of Regulation (EU) 2015/2120 as amended by Article 50 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1971 of the European Parliament and Council, available at https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=OJ:L:2018:321:TOC.



2. Trends in telecommunications prices in the EU in April 2020

According to EUROSTAT, in April 2020 the average decrease in telecommunications service prices in Portugal in the last 12 months was 4.3 p.p. lower than the EU average. Portugal was the country with the 26th highest variation in prices (2nd from last). The countries with the highest price increases were Romania (4.6%), Finland (3.1%) and Latvia (1.9%), while Italy (-5.5%), Portugal (-4.1%) and Austria (-3.2%) were the countries with the biggest decreases.

The year-on-year trend in telecommunications prices in Portugal was the 25th highest (or 3rd from last) among the 27 countries considered (Table 2).

Table 2 - Trends in telecommunications prices: Portugal vs EU

	April 2020			2019
	Year-on- year Trend	Average trend in last 12 months	Previous month's trend	Average trend in last 12 months
EU (%)	0.0	0.2	-0.7	-0.1
Portugal (%)	-4.3	-4.1	0.0	-2.7
PT/EU difference (p.p.)	-4.3	-4.3	0.7	-2.6
Relative position (descending order among 27 countries)	25	26	10	23

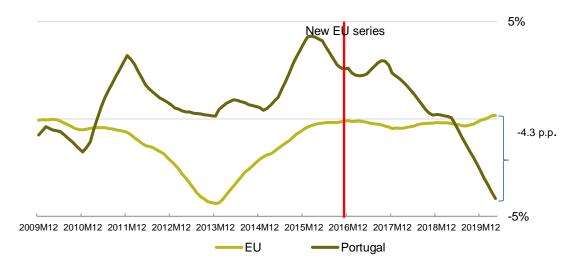
Unit: %, p.p.
Source: EUROSTAT

Note 1: The differences between the figures for Portugal in Tables 1 and 2 are explained by the different number of decimal places used in the information disclosed by Statistics Portugal (CPI) and EUROSTAT (HICP) and the consequent rounding up or down.

Telecommunications prices increased more in Portugal than in the EU (in terms of average trend in the last 12 months) between April 2011 and May 2019. Nonetheless, since June 2019, the variation in telecommunications prices in Portugal has been lower than the EU average. (Figure 4).



Figure 4 - Average rate of change in last 12 months - telecommunications prices: Portugal vs EU



Source: ANACOM, based on EUROSTAT data

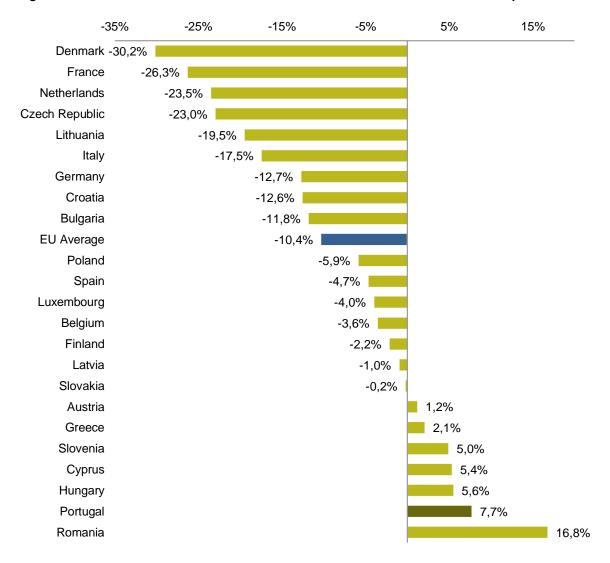
Note 1: As of the publication by EUROSTAT of the data for January 2016 on 25 February 2016, the reference year for the HICP series was altered from 2005 to 2015. There may be differences in the series due to the effect of rounding up or down.

Note 2: EU telecommunications prices as of December 2016 differ from those published previously due to changes made by EUROSTAT. The information up to November 2016 was collected on 16 March 2018. The information as of December 2016 was collected on 20 May 2020.

Between the end of 2009 and April 2020, telecommunications prices in Portugal increased 7.7%, while in the European Union they fell 10.4%. The difference narrowed upon the entry into force of the new European rules on 15 May 2019 that regulate the prices of intra-EU communications.



Figure 5 – Trend in telecommunications HICP in the EU between December 2009 and April 2020

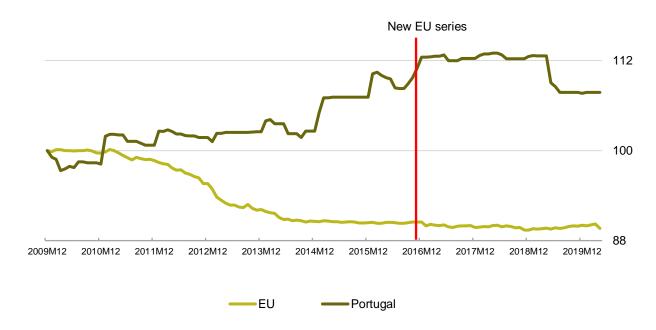


Source: ANACOM, based on EUROSTAT data

Note: Information not available for the United Kingdom, Ireland, Malta, Sweden or Estonia.



Figure 6 – Variations in telecommunications prices in Portugal and the EU (2009M12 = Base 100)



Unit: index (2009M12 = Base 100) Source: ANACOM, based on EUROSTAT data

NB: EU telecommunications prices as of December 2016 differ from those published previously due to changes made by EUROSTAT. The information up to November 2016 was collected on 16 March 2018. The information as of December 2016 was collected on 20 May 2020.



Methodology note

a. Sources

- "Consumer Price Index April 2020" (Statistics Portugal, 2020), available at https://www.ine.pt/xportal/xmain?xpid=INE&xpgid=ine-destaques&DESTAQUESdest-boui=415206051&DESTAQUESmodo=2
- "HICP monthly data" (EUROSTAT, 2020), available at http://appsso.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/nui/show.do?dataset=prc_hicp_midx&lang=en.
 The methodology used is available at http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/statistics-explained/index.php/HICP_methodology

b. Definitions

- Year-on-year rate of change: compares a variable between the current month and the same month the
 previous year. This rate of change, if there is a stable pattern of seasonality, is not affected by fluctuations of
 this nature, though it may be influenced by localised effects in one or both of the months compared See
 http://smi.ine.pt/VariavelFisica/Detalhes?id=4263&LANG=PT
- Average rate of change in the last 12 months: compares the average price index of the last 12 months with
 the preceding 12 months. As it is a rolling average, this rate of change is less sensitive to sporadic changes in
 prices. The figure obtained in December has been used as a reference in the social dialogue plan and has
 therefore been associated with the annual inflation rate See
 https://www.ine.pt/bddXplorer/htdocs/minfo.jsp?var_cd=0002390&lingua=PT

c. Notes

- The changes in telecommunications prices shown in this report are the result of the sub-index "telephone and fax services" of the Consumer Price Index (CPI) and the Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices (HICP), which covers voice services, Internet and TV signal distribution by individual subscription or as part of a package. The information provided here should be complemented by an overview of the characteristics of the services supplied, which are available in the reports "Electronic communication service packages", "Fixed line and nomadic VoIP telephone service", "Mobile services", "Internet access service" and "Subscription television service" available on the ANACOM website.
- The EU telecommunications prices do not include information about the United Kingdom.
- The EU telecommunications prices as of December 2016 differ from those published previously due to changes made by EUROSTAT. The information up to November 2016 was collected on 16 March 2018. The information as of December 2016 was collected on 20 May 2020.